CHAPTER II – DEFINITIONS

ARTICLE 2
Definitions

For the purposes of this Agreement:

(1) *Coffee* means the beans and cherries of the coffee tree, whether parchment, green or roasted, and includes ground, decaffeinated, liquid, soluble and premixed coffee. The Council shall, as soon as possible after this Agreement enters into force, and again at intervals of three years, review the conversion factors for the types of coffee listed in sub-paragraphs (d), (e), (f), (g) and (h) below. Following such reviews, the Council shall determine and publish appropriate conversion factors. Prior to the initial review, and should the Council be unable to reach a decision on this matter, the conversion factors will be those used in the International Coffee Agreement 2007, which are listed in the Annex to this Agreement. Subject to these provisions, the terms listed below shall have the following meaning:

(a) *Green coffee* means all coffee in raw, unroasted, bean form;
(b) *Dried coffee cherry* means the dried fruit of the coffee tree; to find the equivalent of dried coffee cherry to green coffee, multiply the net weight of the dried coffee cherry by 0.50;
(c) *Parchment coffee* means the green coffee bean contained in the parchment skin; to find the equivalent of parchment coffee to green coffee, multiply the net weight of the parchment coffee by 0.80;
(d) *Roasted coffee* means green coffee roasted to any degree and includes ground coffee;
(e) *Decaffeinated coffee* means green, roasted or soluble coffee from which caffeine has been extracted;
(f) *Liquid coffee* means the water-soluble solids derived from roasted coffee and put into liquid form;
(g) *Soluble coffee* means the dried water-soluble solids derived from roasted coffee; and
(h) *Premixed coffee* means mixtures of soluble coffee or roasted and ground coffee with other food ingredients, usually sugar and/or creamer, and possibly some other ingredients.

(2) *Bag* means 60 kilogrammes or 132.276 pounds of green coffee; *tonne* means a mass of 1,000 kilogrammes or 2,204.6 pounds; and *pound* means 453.597 grammes.

(3) *Coffee year* means the period of one year, from 1 October to 30 September.

(4) *Organization* and *Council* mean, respectively, the International Coffee Organization and the International Coffee Council.

(5) *Contracting Party* means a Government, the European Union or any intergovernmental organization referred to in paragraph (3) of Article 4 which has deposited an instrument of ratification, acceptance, approval or notification of provisional application of this Agreement in accordance with the provisions of Articles 44, 45 and 46 or has acceded thereto in accordance with the provisions of Article 47.

(6) *Member* means a Contracting Party.

(7) *Exporting Member* or *exporting country* means a Member or country, respectively, which is a net exporter of coffee; that is, a Member or country whose exports exceed its imports.

(8) *Importing Member* or *importing country* means a Member or country, respectively, which is a net importer of coffee; that is, a Member or country whose imports exceed its exports.

(9) *Distributed majority vote* means a vote requiring 70 percent or more of the votes of exporting Members present and voting and 70 percent or more of the votes of importing Members present and voting, counted separately.

(10) *Depositary* means the intergovernmental organization or Contracting Party to the International Coffee Agreement 2007 designated by decision of the Council under the International Coffee Agreement 2007, to be taken by consensus before 6 October 2022. Such decision shall form an integral part of this Agreement.

(11) *Private Sector* means the segment of the economy that is owned, controlled, and managed by private individuals or enterprises, or state-owned enterprises whose main activities are in or related to the coffee sector and that operate similarly as part of an open market-based system, including but not limited to:

(a) Farmers, farmers' organizations and cooperatives, and other producers;
(b) Micro-, small- and medium-sized enterprises (MSMEs);
(c) Social enterprises;
(d) Large national and multinational companies;
(e) Financial institutions; and
(f) Industry and trade associations.