5. The Parties shall cooperate on border measures with a view to eliminating international trade in goods that infringe intellectual property rights.

6. The Parties shall endeavour to, where appropriate, cooperate among their respective patent offices to facilitate the sharing of search and examination work, and exchanges of information on quality assurance systems which may facilitate better understanding in the Parties' patent systems.[66]

7. The Parties shall endeavour to cooperate by sharing information on steps each Party is taking to help prevent online copyright infringement.

8. The Parties may cooperate on the administration of systems for the protection of new varieties of plants, including exceptions to the breeder's rights, in relation to paragraph 3 of Article 11.9 (Multilateral Agreements) or Article 11.48 (Protection of New Varieties of Plants).

9. The Parties shall endeavour to cooperate on issues relating to patent grace periods in order to support innovation.

10. The Parties may cooperate on issues relating to the procedures and processes of their respective patent offices, with a view to reducing the cost of obtaining the grant of a patent.

11. The Parties may exchange information on the protection of their respective geographical indications, including information on systems, procedures, and goods covered.

12. The Parties may cooperate on the training of patent examiners in the examination of patent applications related to traditional knowledge associated with genetic resources.

13. All cooperation activities under this Chapter shall be on request of a Party, on mutually agreed terms, and subject to the relevant laws and regulations and availability of resources of the Parties involved.

[66] This paragraph may apply to multilateral information sharing systems to support work-sharing initiatives.

SECTION L
TRANSPARENCY

Article 11.77: Transparency

1. Each Party shall provide that final judicial decisions and administrative rulings of general application that pertain to the availability, scope, acquisition, enforcement, and prevention of the abuse of intellectual property rights shall be published, or where such publication is not practicable, made publicly available, in at least a national language of that Party in such a manner as to enable the other Parties and right holders to become acquainted with them. Each Party shall endeavour to provide that such final judicial decisions be published online, where feasible.[67]

2. Each Party shall take appropriate measures, to the extent possible under its laws and regulations, to publish or make available to the public, information on applications and registrations of intellectual property rights, and where applicable, legal status information thereof, such as registration and expiration dates.

SECTION M
TRANSITION PERIODS AND TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE

Article 11.78: Transitional Periods for Least Developed Country Parties under the TRIPS Agreement

Nothing in this Chapter shall derogate from the rights of any Party to avail itself of any applicable transitional period under the TRIPS Agreement that has been or may be agreed in the WTO, either before, on, or after the date of entry into force of this Agreement.

Article 11.79: Party-Specific Transition Periods

1. Noting each Party's different stage of development, and without prejudice to Article 11.78 (Transitional Periods for Least Developed Country Parties under the TRIPS Agreement), a Party may delay the implementation of certain provisions of this Chapter

[67] For greater certainty, nothing in this paragraph shall require a Party to specify online publication in its laws and regulations.