ANNEX 3-E

TEXT OF THE STATEMENT ON ORIGIN

A statement on origin shall be made out using either of the following linguistic versions of the text set out below and in accordance with the laws and regulations of the exporting Party. If the statement on origin is handwritten, it shall be written in ink in printed characters. The statement on origin shall be drawn up in accordance with the respective footnotes. The footnotes do not have to be reproduced.

Japanese version

（期間……から……まで（注１））

この文書の対象となる産品の輸出者（輸出者参照番号……（注２））は、別段の明示をする場合を除くほか、当該産品の原産地……（注３）が特恵に係る原産地であることを申告する。

（用いられた原産性の基準（注４））

……...

（場所及び日付（注５））

……..

（輸出者の氏名又は名称（活字体によるもの））

……..

English version

(Period: from ……. to ……[1])

The exporter of the products covered by this document (Exporter Reference No ……...[2]) declares that, except where otherwise clearly indicated, these products are of ...…… preferential origin[3].

(Origin criteria used[4])

…….....

(Place and date[5])

...…….....

(Printed name of the exporter)

...…….....

(1) If the statement on origin is completed out for multiple shipments of identical originating products within the meaning of subparagraph 5(b) of Article 3.17, it shall indicate the period for which the statement on origin will apply. That period shall not exceed 12 months. All importations of the product must occur within the period indicated. Where a period is not applicable, the field can be left blank.

(2) Indicate the reference number through which the exporter is identified. For the United Kingdom exporter, this will be the number assigned in accordance with the laws and regulations of the United Kingdom. For the Japanese exporter, this will be the Japan Corporate Number. Where the exporter has not been assigned a number, the field may be left blank.

(3) Indicate the origin of the product; the United Kingdom or Japan.

(4) Indicate, depending on the case, one or more of the following codes;

"A" for a product referred to in subparagraph 1(a) of Article 3.2;

"B" for a product referred to in subparagraph 1(b) of Article 3.2;