5. Independent regulators

The regulatory body is separate from, and not accountable to, any supplier of basic telecommunications services. The decisions of and the procedures used by regulators shall be impartial with respect to all market participants.

6. Allocation and use of scarce resources

Any procedures for the allocation and use of scarce resources, including frequencies, numbers and rights of way, will be carried out in an objective, timely, transparent and non-discriminatory manner. The current state of allocated frequency bands will be made publicly available, but detailed identification of frequencies allocated for specific government uses is not required.

Schedule of the Kingdom of Thailand

Explanatory Notes

1. The classification of service sectors in this schedule is based on the 1991 provisional Central Product Classification (CPC) and CPC Version 1.1 of the United Nations Statistical Office unless otherwise indicated by the absence of a CPC number. The ordering reflects the services sectoral classification list as used in the GATT document MTN.GNS/W/120 dated 10 July 1991. The scheduling of specific commitments follows the guidelines stated in GATT documents MTN.GNS/W/164 dated 3 September 1993 and MTN.GNS/W/164/Add.1 dated 30 November 1993.

2. The use of "*" against individual CPC codes indicates that the specific commitment for that code shall not extend to the total range of services covered under that code. The entry "Unbound*" means unbound due to lack of technical feasibility.

SCHEDULE OF THE KINGDOM OF THAILAND

Modes of supply: 1) Cross-border supply 2) Consumption abroad 3) Commercial presence 4) Presence of natural persons

Sector or Sub-sector	SS	Limitations on Market Access	Limitations on National Treatment	Additional Commitments
HORIZONTAL COMMITMENTS				
ALL SECTORS INCLUDED IN THE SCHEDULE		3) Only a limited liability company, or a type of legal entity as specified in this schedule, incorporated and registered in Thailand pursuant to Thai laws and regulations permitted 3.1. Foreign equity participation must not exceed 49 per cent or unless otherwise specified in the sector-specific commitments, of the registered capital; and the number of foreign shareholders must be less than half of the total number of shareholders. 3.2. Foreign equity participation must not exceed 70 per cent of the registered capital or unless otherwise specified in the	3) Any type of legal entity which is owned or controlled by foreigner(s) must meet the requirements as stipulated by laws and regulations regarding foreign investment For 3.1, legal entity incorporated pursuant to Thai laws and regulations with foreign equity participation not exceeding 49 per cent of the registered capital: None For 3.2, a limited liability company or legal entity of another Party must apply for a certificate of business operation as stipulated by the	