(d) Article 8.10; or

(e) Article 8.11.

2. The reservations of a Party are without prejudice to the rights and obligations of the Parties under GATS.

3. Each reservation sets out the following elements:

(a) "sector" refers to the general sector in which the reservation is taken;

(b) "sub-sector" refers to the specific sector in which the reservation is taken;

(c) "industry classification" refers, where applicable, to the activity covered by the reservation according to the CPC, ISIC Rev. 3.1, or as expressly otherwise described in a Party's reservation;

(d) "type of reservation" specifies the obligation referred to in paragraph 1 for which a reservation is taken;

(e) "description" sets out the scope of the sector, sub-sector or activities covered by the reservation; and

(f) "existing measures" identifies, for transparency purposes, existing measures that apply to the sector, sub-sector or activities covered by the reservation.

4. In the interpretation of a reservation, all elements of the reservation shall be considered. The "description" element shall prevail over all other elements.

5. A reservation taken at the level of the European Union applies to a measure of the European Union and of a Member State of the European Union at the central level, as well as a measure of a government within a Member State of the European Union, unless the reservation excludes a Member State of the European Union. A reservation taken by a Member State of the European Union applies to a measure of a government at the central, regional or local level within that Member State. For the purposes of the reservations of Belgium, the central level of government covers the federal government and the governments of the Regions and the Communities as each of them holds equipollent legislative powers. For the purposes of the reservations of the European Union and its Member States, a regional level of government in Finland means the Åland Islands.