In **BG** (with respect also to Most-favoured-nation treatment): The practice of legal services in respect of domestic (European Union and Member State) law, including representation before courts, is reserved to nationals of a Member State of the European Union or foreign nationals, who are qualified lawyers and have obtained their diploma providing the capacity to practice in a Member State of the European Union. Non-discriminatory legal form requirements apply. Foreign lawyers may be admitted to act as an attorney by a decision of the Supreme Bar Council and must be registered in the Unified register of foreign lawyers. Enterprises must be registered in Bulgaria as a lawyer partnership ("advokatsko sadrujie") or a law firm ("advokatsko drujestvo"). The name of the law firm may only include the names of the registered partners. Foreign lawyers must be accompanied by a Bulgarian lawyer for representation before courts. Permanent residency is required for legal mediation services. In Bulgaria, full national treatment on the establishment and operation of companies, as well as on the supply of services, may be extended only to companies established in, and citizens of, countries with whom bilateral agreements on mutual legal assistance have been or will be concluded.

Measures:

BG: Attorney Law; Law for Mediation; and Law for the Notaries and Notarial Activity.

In **CY**: EEA or Swiss nationality as well as residency (commercial presence) is required for the practice of legal services, including representation before courts. Only advocates enrolled in the Bar may be partners or shareholders or members of the board of directors in a law company in Cyprus. Non-discriminatory legal form requirements apply.

Measures:

CY: Advocates Law (Chapter 2), as amended by laws number 42 of 1961, 20 of 1963, 46 of 1970, 40 of 1975, 55 of 1978, 71 of 1981, 92 of 1983, 98 of 1984, 17 of 1985, 52 of 1985, 9 of 1989, 175 of 1991, 212 of 1991, 9(I) of 1993, 56(I) of 1993, 83(I) of 1994, 76(I) of 1995, 103(I) of 1996, 79(I) of 2000, 31(I) of 2001, 41(I) of 2002, 180(I) of 2002, 117(I) of 2003, 130(I) of 2003, 199(I) of 2004, 264(I) of 2004, 21(I) of 2005, 65(I) of 2005, 124(I) of 2005, 158(I) of 2005, 175(I) of 2006, 117(I) of 2007, 103(I) of 2008, 109(I) of 2008, 11(I) of 2009, 130(I) of 2009, 4(I) of 2010, 65(I) of 2010, 14(I) of 2011, 144(I) of 2011, 116(I) of 2012 and 18(I) of 2013.

In **CZ**: Non-discriminatory legal form requirements apply. Full admission to the Bar is required for the practice of legal services in respect of European Union law and the law of a Member State of the European Union, including representation before courts. For the practice of legal services in respect of domestic (European Union and Member State) law, including representation before courts, EEA or Swiss nationality and residency in Czech Republic is required.