(g) "customs legislation" means any laws and regulations of the European Union or Japan, governing the import, export and transit of goods and placing of goods under any other customs procedures, including measures of prohibitions, restrictions and controls falling under the competence of the customs authorities;

(h) "customs territory" means:

(i) for the European Union, the customs territory as referred to in Article 4 of Regulation (EU) No 952/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 October 2013 laying down the Union Customs Code[1]; and

(ii) for Japan, the territory with respect to which the customs legislation of Japan is in force;

(i) "days" means calendar days;

(j) "DSU" means the Understanding on Rules and Procedures Governing the Settlement of Disputes in Annex 2 to the WTO Agreement;

(k) "GATS" means the General Agreement on Trade in Services in Annex 1B to the WTO Agreement;

[1] OJ L 269, 10.10.2013, p. 1.

(l) "GATT 1994" means the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade 1994 in Annex 1A to the WTO Agreement; for the purposes of this Agreement, references to articles in the GATT 1994 include the interpretative notes;

(m) "GPA" means the Agreement on Government Procurement in Annex 4 to the WTO Agreement[1];

(n) "Harmonized System" or "HS" means the Harmonized Commodity Description and Coding System, including its General Rules for the Interpretation, Section Notes, Chapter Notes and Subheading Notes;

(o) "IMF" means the International Monetary Fund;

(p) "measure" means any measure, whether in form of a law, regulation, rule, procedure, decision, practice, administrative action, or any other form;

[1] For greater certainty, the "GPA" shall be understood to be the GPA as amended by the Protocol Amending the Agreement on Government Procurement, done at Geneva on 30 March 2012.