(viii) any other goods that are not incorporated into another good but whose use in the production of the good can reasonably be demonstrated to be a part of that production;

(h) the term "material" means a good that is used in the production of another good;

(i) the term "non-originating material" means a material which does not qualify as originating under this Chapter;

(j) the term "originating material" means a material which qualifies as originating under this Chapter;

(k) the term "packing materials and containers for transportation and shipment" means goods that are used to protect a good during transportation, other than packaging materials and containers for retail sale referred to in Article 3.13;

(l) the term "preferential tariff treatment" means the rate of customs duties applicable to an originating good of the exporting Party in accordance with paragraph 1 of Article 2.4;

(m) the term "producer" means a person who engages in the production of goods or materials; and

(n) the term "production" means a method of obtaining goods including manufacturing, assembling, processing, raising, growing, breeding, mining, extracting, harvesting, fishing, trapping, gathering, collecting, hunting and capturing.

Article 3.2
Originating Goods

Unless otherwise provided for in this Chapter, a good shall qualify as an originating good of a Party where:

(a) the good is wholly obtained or produced entirely in the Party, as defined in Article 3.3;

(b) the good is produced entirely in the Party exclusively from originating materials of the Party; or

(c) the good satisfies the product specific rules (change in tariff classification, qualifying value content or specific manufacturing or processing operation) set out in Annex 2, as well as all other applicable requirements of this Chapter, when the good is produced entirely in the Party using non-originating materials.

Article 3.3
Wholly Obtained Goods

For the purposes of subparagraph (a) of Article 3.2, the following goods shall be considered as being wholly obtained or produced entirely in a Party:

(a) live animals born and raised in the Party;

(b) animals obtained by hunting, trapping, fishing, gathering or capturing in the Party;

(c) goods obtained from live animals in the Party;

(d) plants and plant products harvested, picked or gathered in the Party;

(e) minerals and other naturally occurring substances, not included in subparagraphs (a) through (d), extracted or taken in the Party;

(f) goods of sea-fishing and other goods taken by vessels of the Party from the sea outside the territorial seas of the Parties;

(g) goods produced on board factory ships of the Party outside the territorial seas of the Parties from the goods referred to in subparagraph (f);

(h) goods taken from the seabed or subsoil thereof outside the territorial sea of the Party, provided that the Party has rights to exploit such seabed or subsoil in accordance with the provisions of the UNCLOS;