(b) require a Party to compel any enterprise exclusively engaged in the broadcasting services referred to in paragraph 3 to make available its broadcast or cable facilities as a public telecommunications transport network.

Article 10.2
Definitions

For the purposes of this Chapter:

(a) the term "carrier pre-subscription function" means a function of enabling end users to use the carrier they have selected by pre-registration without dialling a carrier identification code;

(b) the term "cost-oriented" means based on cost, and may include a reasonable profit, and may involve different cost methodologies for different facilities or services;

(c) the term "dialling parity" means the ability of an end user to use an equal number of digits including through carrier pre-subscription function to access a like public telecommunications transport service designated by the Party, regardless of the public telecommunications transport service supplier chosen by such end user;

(d) the term "end user" means a final consumer of or subscriber to public telecommunications transport networks or services, including a service supplier other than a supplier of public telecommunications transport networks or services;

(e) the term "essential facilities" means facilities of a public telecommunications transport network or service that:

(i) are exclusively or predominantly provided by a single or limited number of suppliers; and

(ii) cannot feasibly be economically or technically substituted in order to provide a service;

(f) the term "interconnection" means linking with suppliers providing public telecommunications transport networks or services in order to allow the end users of one supplier to communicate with the end users of another supplier and to access services provided by another supplier;

(g) the term "leased circuits" means telecommunications facilities between two or more designated points that are set aside for the dedicated use of, or availability to, a particular user;

(h) the term "major supplier" means a supplier which has the ability to materially affect the terms of participation (having regard to price and supply) in the relevant market for basic telecommunications services as a result of:

(i) control over essential facilities; or

(ii) use of its position in the market;

Note: For greater certainty, the term "basic telecommunications services" includes Internet access services.

(i) the term "non-discriminatory" means treatment no less favourable than that accorded to any other user of like public telecommunications transport networks or services in like circumstances;

(j) the term "public telecommunications transport network" means the telecommunications infrastructure which is used to provide public telecommunications transport services between and among defined network termination points;