o) Building-cleaning services (87401, 87402, 87403, 87409)	1) Unbound* 2) None 3) None 4) None	1) Unbound* 2) None 3) None 4) None	
p) Photographic services (875)	1) None 2) None 3) None 4) None	1) None 2) None 3) None 4) None	
q) Packaging services (876)	1) None 2) None 3) None 4) None	1) None 2) None 3) None 4) None	
r) Printing and publishing services (88442)	1) None 2) None 3) None 4) None	1) None 2) None 3) None 4) None	
s) Convention services (87909**)	1) None 2) None 3) None 4) None	1) None 2) None 3) None 4) None	
t) Credit reporting services (87901)[20]	1) None 2) None 3) None 4) None	1) None 2) None 3) None 4) None	
t) Collection agency services: (87902**)[21]			
(a) which do not constitute the practice of law in respect of legal cases	1) None 2) None 3) None 4) None	1) None 2) None 3) None 4) None	
(b) which constitute the practice of law in respect of legal cases[22]	1) None except that: services must be supplied by a natural person[23], by a Legal Profession Corporation or by a juridical person established under the Special Measures Law Concerning Credit Management and Collection Business; and commercial presence is required. 2) None 3) None except that services must be supplied by a natural person, by a Legal Profession	1) None 2) None 3) None	

[20] These services are classified into No. 85910 of the Central Product Classification Version 1.1 (Statistical Papers Series M No. 77 Ver.1.1, Department of International Economic and Social Affairs, Statistical Office of the United Nations, New York, 2002)(hereinafter referred to in this Annex as "CPC Ver.1.1").

[21] These services are classified into No. 85920 of CPC Ver.1.1.

[22] Excluding taking over and recovery of credits except for those stipulated in the Special Measures Law Concerning Credit Management and Collection Business (Law No. 126 of 1998).

[23] In this sector, the term "natural person" means a lawyer qualified as "Bengoshi" under Japanese law.