2. When information that has been made available must be revised due to changes in its customs laws, each Party shall make the revised information readily available sufficiently in advance of the entry into force of the changes to enable interested persons to take account of them, unless advance notice is precluded.

3. At the request of any interested person of the Parties, each Party shall provide, as quickly and accurately as possible, information relating to the specific customs matters raised by the interested person and pertaining to its customs laws. Each Party shall supply not only the information specifically requested but also any other pertinent information which it considers the interested person should be made aware of.

Article 45
Customs Clearance

1. Both Parties shall apply their respective customs procedures in a predictable, consistent, transparent and fair manner.

2. For prompt customs clearance of goods traded between the Parties, each Party shall:

(a) make use of information and communications technology;

(b) simplify its customs procedures;

(c) harmonise its customs procedures, to the extent possible, with relevant international standards and recommended practices such as those made under the auspices of the Customs Co-operation Council; and

(d) promote cooperation, wherever appropriate, between its customs authority and:

(i) other national authorities of the Party; and

(ii) the trading communities of the Party.

3. Each Party shall provide affected parties with easily accessible processes of administrative and judicial review in relation to the action concerning the customs matters taken by the Party.

Article 46
Temporary Admission and Goods in Transit

1. Each Party shall continue to facilitate the procedures for the temporary admission of goods traded between the Parties in accordance with the terms and conditions provided for in the Customs Convention on the A.T.A. Carnet for the Temporary Admission of Goods (hereinafter referred to as "the A.T.A. Convention").

2. Each Party shall continue to facilitate customs clearance of goods in transit from or to the other Party in accordance with paragraph 3 of Article V of the GATT 1994.

3. The Parties shall endeavour to promote, through seminars and courses, the use of A.T.A. carnets pursuant to the A.T.A. Convention for the temporary admission of goods and the facilitation of customs clearance of goods in transit in the Parties or non-Parties.

4. For the purposes of this Article, the term "temporary admission" means customs procedures under which certain goods may be brought into a customs territory conditionally, relieved totally or partially from the payment of customs duties. Such goods shall be imported for a specific purpose, and shall be intended for re-exportation within a specified period and without having undergone any change except normal depreciation due to the use made of them.