Article 28
Wholly Obtained or Produced Goods

For the purposes of subparagraph (a) of Article 27, the following goods shall be considered as being wholly obtained or produced in a Party:

(a) live animals born and raised in the Party;

(b) animals obtained by hunting, trapping, fishing, gathering or capturing in the Party;

(c) goods obtained from live animals in the Party;

(d) plants and plant products harvested, picked or gathered in the Party;

Note: For the purposes of this subparagraph, the term "plant" refers to all plant life, including fruit, flowers, vegetables, trees, seaweed, fungi and live plants.

(e) minerals and other naturally occurring substances, not included in subparagraphs (a) through (d), extracted or taken in the Party;

(f) goods of sea-fishing and other goods taken by vessels of the Party from the sea outside the territorial seas of the Parties;

(g) goods produced on board factory ships of the Party, outside the territorial seas of the Parties from the goods referred to in subparagraph (f);

(h) goods taken from the sea-bed or subsoil beneath the sea-bed outside the territorial sea of the Party, provided that the Party has rights to exploit such sea-bed or subsoil in accordance with the provisions of the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea, done at Montego Bay, December 10, 1982;

(i) articles collected in the Party which can no longer perform their original purpose in the Party nor are capable of being restored or repaired and which are fit only for disposal or for the recovery of parts or raw materials;

(j) scrap and waste derived from manufacturing or processing operations or from consumption in the Party and fit only for disposal or for the recovery of raw materials;

(k) parts or raw materials recovered in the Party from articles which can no longer perform their original purpose nor are capable of being restored or repaired; and

(l) goods obtained or produced in the Party exclusively from the goods referred to in subparagraphs (a) through (k).

Article 29
Goods Produced Using Non-Originating Materials

1. For the purposes of subparagraph (b) of Article 27, a good shall qualify as an originating good of a Party if:

(a) the good has a qualifying value content, calculated using the formula set out in Article 30, of not less than 35 percent; and

(b) all non-originating materials used in the production of the good have undergone in the Party a change in tariff classification at the six-digit level (i.e. a change in tariff subheading) of the Harmonized System.

Note: For the purposes of this subparagraph, "Harmonized System" is that on which the product specific rules set out in Annex 2 are based.

2. Notwithstanding paragraph 1, a good subject to product specific rules shall qualify as an originating good of a Party if it satisfies the applicable product specific rules set out in Annex 2.