9	Sector:	Land Transaction
	Sub-Sector:	
	Industry Classification:	
	Type of Reservation:	National Treatment (Article 87)
		Most-Favoured-Nation Treatment (Article 88)
	Description:	With respect to the acquisition or lease of land properties in Japan, prohibitions or restrictions may be imposed by Cabinet Order on foreign nationals or legal persons, where Japanese nationals or legal persons are placed under identical or similar prohibitions or restrictions in the foreign country.
	Existing Measures:	Alien Land Law (Law No. 42 of 1925), Article 1
10	Sector:	Public Law Enforcement and Correctional Services and Social Services
	Sub-Sector:	
	Industry Classification:	
	Type of Reservation:	National Treatment (Article 87)
		Most-Favoured-Nation Treatment (Article 88)
	Description:	Japan reserves the right to adopt or maintain any measure relating to investments in public law enforcement and correctional services, and in social services such as income security or insurance, social security or insurance, social welfare, primary and secondary education, public training, health and child care.
	Existing Measures:	

Appendix 2
Lists of Reservations of Switzerland

It is confirmed that the List of Reservations of Switzerland with respect to Chapter 6 set out in Appendix 2 to Annex III shall apply to investments in services under Chapter 9.

Section 1
List of Reservations for Measures Referred to in Subparagraph 1 (a) of Article 90

Sector:	All Sectors
Sub-sector:	–
Type of Reservation:	National Treatment (Article 87)
Legal source or authority of the measure:	Federal Act of 30 March 1911 (Code of Obligations) supplementing the Swiss Civil Code (Systematic Collection of Federal Laws and Regulations [RS], No. 220)
Succinct description of the measure:	For a "corporation" (*société anonyme/Aktiengesellschaft*), a "corporation with unlimited partners" (*société en commandite par actions/Kommanditaktiengesellschaft*), a "limited partnership" (*société à responsabilité limitée/Gesellschaft mit beschränkter Haftung*) and a "cooperative" (*société cooperative/ Genossenschaft*), at least one member of the governing body of the legal person or another person with the right to represent the legal person must be domiciled in Switzerland. A foreign legal person may also establish one or several branch offices in Switzerland. At least one person of the branch office with the right to represent the branch office must be domiciled in Switzerland.
Purpose or motivation of the measure:	To facilitate judicial proceedings