(iii) bonds, debentures, loans and other forms of debt;

(iv) futures, options and other derivatives;

(v) rights under contracts, including turnkey, construction, management, production or revenue-sharing contracts;

(vi) claims to money and to any performance under contract having a financial value;

(vii) intellectual property rights, including copyrights and related rights, patent rights and rights relating to utility models, trademarks, industrial designs, layout-designs of integrated circuits, new varieties of plants, trade names, indications of source or geographical indications and undisclosed information;

(viii) rights conferred pursuant to laws and regulations or contracts such as concessions, licences, authorisations and permits, including those for the exploration and exploitation of natural resources; and

(ix) any other tangible and intangible, movable and immovable property, and any related property rights, such as leases, mortgages, liens and pledges;

An investment includes the amounts yielded by an investment, in particular, profit, interest, capital gains, dividends, royalties and fees. A change in the form in which assets are invested does not affect their character as an investment.

(b) the term "investment agreement" means a written agreement between the central or local government or authority of a Contracting Party and an investor of the other Contracting Party or its investment that is an enterprise in the Territory of the former Contracting Party, on which the investor or the investment relies in establishing or acquiring an investment in the former Contracting Party;

(c) the term "written agreement" means an agreement in writing, executed by both parties, whether in a single instrument or in multiple instruments, that creates an exchange of rights and obligations, binding on both parties under the applicable law under subparagraph 11(b) of Article 23. For greater certainty:

(i) a unilateral act of an administrative or judicial authority, such as a permit, licence or authorisation issued by a Contracting Party solely in its regulatory capacity, or a decree, order or judgement, standing alone; and

(ii) an administrative or judicial consent decree or order,

shall not be considered a written agreement.

(d) the term "investor of a Contracting Party" means:

(i) a natural person having the nationality of that Contracting Party in accordance with its laws and regulations; or

(ii) an enterprise of that Contracting Party,

that seeks to make, is making or has made investments in the Territory of the other Contracting Party;

(e) the term "enterprise" means any legal person or any other entity duly constituted or organised under the applicable laws and regulations, whether or not for profit, and whether private or government owned or controlled, including any corporation, trust, partnership, sole proprietorship, joint venture, association, organisation or company;

(f) the term "enterprise of a Contracting Party" means an enterprise duly constituted or organised under the applicable laws and regulations of that Contracting Party;