Section 4
Accompanying spouse and children

1. Entry and temporary stay shall be granted to a spouse and children accompanying a natural person of the parties of Japan who has been granted entry stay pursuant to section (2), in principle for same period as the period of temporary stay granted to the natural person, provided that such spouse and children obtain maintenance from the natural person and engage in daily activities recognised under the status of residence of "Dependant" in accordance with Law on Entry-Exit, And the Management of Foreigners in Lao PDR No: 59/NA. Dated: 26.12.2014 and Labor Law (Amended) of Lao PDR No: 43/NA; Dated 24 December 2013.

2. A spouse who has been granted entry and temporary stay pursuant to para 1 may, upon application, have his or her status of residence change to that under which he or she is allowed to work, subject to the approval of the Government of Lao PDR in accordance with Law on Entry-Exit, And the Management of Foreigners in Lao PDR No:59/NA. Dated: 26.12.2014 and Labor Law (Amended) of Lao PDR No: 43/NA; Dated 24 December 2013.

Note: For the purposes of this section, the term "spouse" or "children" means spouse or children recognised as such in accordance with the Laws and regulation of Lao PDR.

Schedule of Malaysia

Malaysia may require a natural person of the other Parties seeking entry and temporary stay under the terms and conditions set out in each section of this Annex to obtain an appropriate visa prior to entry.

Section 1
Intra-Corporate Transferees

1. Notwithstanding the definitions set out in Article 50 *bis*.3, entry and temporary stay shall be granted to natural persons of the other Parties who are:

a) senior managers being persons within a juridical person having proprietary information of the juridical person and who exercise wide latitude in decision making relating to the establishment, control and operation of the juridical person being directly responsible to the CEO and receive only general supervision or direction from the board of directors or partners of the juridical person; and

b) specialists or experts being persons within the juridical person who possess knowledge at an advanced level of continued expertise and who possess proprietary knowledge of the juridical person's new goods and service products and technology, research equipment and techniques or management:

i) three (3) specialists or experts per juridical person are allowed; and

ii) additional specialists or experts may be allowed subject to market test and the training of Malaysians through an acceptable training programme in the relevant sector or subsector.

2. Provided that such persons are employees of the foreign juridical person for a period of not less than one (1) year immediately preceding the date of application for a work permit and he is to serve in at least a similar capacity.

3. Entry and temporary stay of natural persons defined in categories 1(a) and 1(b) is up to a period of 10 years.