（右条約の英文）

CONVENTION BETWEEN JAPAN AND ICELAND FOR THE ELIMINATION OF DOUBLE TAXATION WITH RESPECT TO TAXES ON INCOME AND THE PREVENTION OF TAX EVASION AND AVOIDANCE

Japan and Iceland,

Desiring to further develop their economic relationship and to enhance their co-operation in tax matters,

Intending to conclude a Convention for the elimination of double taxation with respect to taxes on income without creating opportunities for non-taxation or reduced taxation through tax evasion or avoidance (including through treaty-shopping arrangements aimed at obtaining reliefs provided in this Convention for the indirect benefit of residents of third States),

Have agreed as follows:

ARTICLE 1
PERSONS COVERED

1. This Convention shall apply to persons who are residents of one or both of the Contracting States.

2. For the purposes of this Convention, income derived by or through an entity or arrangement that is treated as wholly or partly fiscally transparent under the tax law of either Contracting State shall be considered to be income of a resident of a Contracting State but only to the extent that the income is treated, for purposes of taxation by that Contracting State, as the income of a resident of that Contracting State. In no case shall the provisions of this paragraph be construed so as to affect a Contracting State's right to tax the residents of that Contracting State. For the purposes of this paragraph, the term "fiscally transparent" means situations where, under the tax law of a Contracting State, income or part thereof of an entity or arrangement is taxed not at the level of the entity or arrangement but at the level of the persons who have an interest in that entity or arrangement as if that income or part thereof were directly derived by such persons at the time when that income or part thereof is realised whether or not that income or part thereof is distributed by that entity or arrangement to such persons.

ARTICLE 2
TAXES COVERED

1. The existing taxes to which this Convention shall apply are:

(a) in Iceland:

(i) the income taxes to the state (tekjuskattar ríkissjóðs);

(ii) the income tax to the municipalities (útsvar til sveitarfélaganna); and

(iii) the special hydrocarbon tax (sérstakur kolvetnisskattur)

(hereinafter referred to as "Icelandic tax"); and

(b) in Japan:

(i) the income tax;

(ii) the corporation tax;

(iii) the special income tax for reconstruction;

(iv) the local corporation tax; and

(v) the local inhabitant taxes

(hereinafter referred to as "Japanese tax").

2. This Convention shall apply also to any identical or substantially similar taxes that are imposed after the date of signature of the Convention in addition to, or in place of, the existing taxes. The competent authorities of the Contracting States shall notify each other of any significant changes that have been made in their taxation laws.

ARTICLE 3
GENERAL DEFINITIONS

1. For the purposes of this Convention, unless the context otherwise requires: